



MONDAY EVENING, MAY 2.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE EVENING WORLD

(Including Postage)

PER ANNUM.....\$30.

PER YEAR.....\$3.50

VOL. 82.....No. 11,213

Entered at the Post-Office at New York as second-class matter.

BRANCH OFFICES:

WORLD-UPPER OFFICE-1267 Broadway,

between 31st and 32d sts., New York.

WORLD-HAMMILL OFFICE-125th St. and

Madison Ave.

BROOKLYN-309 Washington St.

PHILADELPHIA-PA-LEHIGH BUILDING, 112

South 7th St. WASHINGTON-CIO 14th St.

LONDON OFFICE-32 LONDON ST., TRAFAL-

GAR SQUARE.

APRIL'S BIG GAINS

In Advertising
and in Circulation.THE BEST ADVERTISING MONTH IN THE HISTORY
OF "THE WORLD."Gain of 16,040 in the number of
advertisements printed in April,
1892, as compared with April,
1891—Equaling 91 per cent.Gain of 66,915 in the average number
of papers printed per day
in April, 1892, as compared
with April, 1891.

HIGH-WATER MARKS OBLITERATED.

Best Results.

Best Advertising Sunday.....6,978

Best Advertising Tuesday.....3,158

Best Advertising Wednesday.....22,458

Best Advertising April, 1892.....91,226

Best previous month, March, 1892.....83,460

Gain for April over best previous
month.....7,766

APRIL FOR TYPE TEARS.

Year. No. of Papers. Average per day.

1893.....7,066.....685,110.....23,837

1894.....18,070.....1,708,213.....56,040

1895.....46,837.....3,098,857.....132,205

1896.....50,458.....3,498,094.....183,720

1897.....57,408.....4,410,840.....151,769

1898.....60,737.....4,957,970.....159,509

1899.....68,928.....5,067,080.....156,326

1900.....71,591.....5,285,260.....164,842

1901.....75,186.....5,231,975.....167,732

1902.....91,226.....11,339,419.....374,647

WORLD'S PRINTED

Every Day for April, 1891-1892.

1891. 1892.

April 1.....290,170.....379,061

2.....295,010.....381,170

3.....295,520.....386,822

4.....297,750.....374,139

5.....293,460.....372,687

6.....298,030.....375,751

7.....302,480.....373,143

8.....297,420.....372,512

9.....295,340.....373,081

10.....295,750.....364,758

11.....297,980.....366,129

12.....298,580.....362,812

13.....292,330.....371,416

14.....293,750.....365,807

15.....300,010.....370,083

16.....292,390.....370,704

17.....291,040.....362,244

18.....292,750.....367,348

19.....295,580.....368,129

20.....296,950.....371,680

21.....297,810.....360,882

22.....301,920.....360,233

23.....299,520.....376,910

24.....305,820.....360,183

25.....295,050.....368,086

26.....297,500.....365,889

27.....307,500.....368,103

28.....304,110.....368,090

29.....305,400.....366,649

Total.....6,647,165.....10,713,058

Weekly and Semi-Weekly.....584,810.....526,361

9,231,075.....11,239,419

* Morning edition only.

* 5 Weeklies.

THE WORLD will not under any circumstances

hold itself responsible for the return or safe-

keeping of any rejected manuscript or picture,

of whatever character or value. No exceptions

will be made in the rule with regard to either

letters or pictures. For full and complete

information concerning the conditions of

manuscript.

The Evening World Prints Associated Press News.

It was not a markedly Anarchistic May Day abroad after all.

The Baroness Blane has discovered something which a private detective can catch. That is another private detective.

Congressmen who can't let the races alone long enough to attend to pressing public business deserve to be left at the post in their next race for public honors.

It was a windy Sunday, but somehow the side doors were working again with almost normal readiness, and no man need have missed an opportunity to wash the dust down his throat.

Dr. PARKER returned to the attack yesterday morning. He is making his one glimpse of "the worst" last well. But, after its old hurrying custom, the rest of the world is already looking for something new.

The Central Labor Union exhibits its level head in refusing to allow Herr Moer to speak at to-night's mass-meeting. "We want no Anarchy here," said a delegate at last night's session of the Union, and

the sentiment of all honest American labor was voiced in those words.

Policeman NICHOL, from the Charles street station, set the standard of duty high before the gaze of his fellows yesterday when he gave up his own life in the act of saving others at the West Thirtieth street church fire.

"STAND AND DELIVER" AGAIN.

The coal barons have not left the public long in doubt as to the real object of their "combining" in olden times, when their coffers needed replenishing, the feudal barons were accustomed to send their robber retainers out on the road to plunder travellers. Their successors, the coal barons, desirous of adding to their wealth, hold their weapons at the throats of the people and demand of them an increased price for one of the most indispensable necessities of life. The cost of coal to the consumer is already raised and the tendency is still upward.

It is outrageous that coal, sugar and other articles needed every day by the people for use in their families should be subject to the greed of these grasping combinations. The plea that the union of capital cheapens production and transportation is false and fraudulent. The people get no advantage from it, at all events, and if the price of oil, or sugar, or any other article subject to the control of a Trust or Combine, is temporarily cheapened, the consumer is at the mercy of the monopolists and is certain to be victimized in the end.

Surely there ought to be some means of reaching and overthrowing these trade conspiracies, and that Governor or legislator who will aid in the work will win "golden opinions from all sorts of men."

TAR AND FEATHERS AS A PROFESSION.

A decision recently arrived at in the Minnesota courts is likely to result in the opening up of a new and thriving industry. A woman has just been awarded \$6,000 damages for a coat of tar and feathers which was applied to her by a father and three sons.

They called at her home and sent in their cards at midnight. She, M. S. V. P. by inviting them into the parlour, but they did not rest there. They proceeded to the outer atmosphere, and resorting to an able argument ad hominem prevailed upon her to join their lawn party. Then they astonished her with a moonlight menu, that began with lukewarm tar and ended with fricasseed feathers. She objected to either the tar or the feathers, or both, and sued for damages other than those that had been done to her feelings and physique. A verdict for \$6,000 in her favor followed. She may be said to have feathered her nest nicely by the operation.

The amplitude of the earnings in the case calls attention to it as a profitable branch of human effort that has hitherto been quite neglected. Six thousand dollars is good money for a single tarring and feathering. Many a person has got nothing out of the proceedings, except the fun of being the star feature of the frolic. But there must be pioneers in every field, and the Minnesota woman is blazing the way to a glorious future for all the tarred and feathered who may come after her. If she has any push she will not rest her career with this one coup, she will go on and get tarred and feathered some more at the old rate, if possible, and before she grows old she will be able to roll on swan down and punctuate herself all over with ostrich plumes. All others will see the big profits there are in the business, and soon probably it will be over on like prize-fighting and politics. But this woman, who discovered the field, can make a big thing of it while the novelty lasts by booking herself for engagements through the country, wherever the feather crop is large and tar cheap. Perhaps tarring and feathering clubs will be formed and will offer her big purses for appearing before them. The great fear, however, is that after awhile hippodroming may detract from the dignity and repute of the business.

CHINESE SUNDAY-SCHOOL MISCHIEF.

Two young women who have been acting as teachers in a Sunday-school for Chinese pupils, have chosen to unite themselves in marriage with two Chinamen, Lee Wink and Wo Sino. The simonist hearts of the laundresses captured the hearts of the two susceptible American girls, and then followed a mingling of lessons in courtship with those in the catechism.

In commenting on the result yesterday the late Superintendent of the match-making mission school asked indignantly why these young women should not marry Chinamen if they wanted to, and added that she would herself rather marry a Chinaman than a white man. Mr. Lee Wink and Mrs. Wo Sino certainly had a right to please themselves in selecting husbands, provided they were of marriageable age. Yet the idea of American women becoming the wives of Chinamen is revolting, and the enlistment of good-looking young girls in Sunday-school work, because the Chinese cannot otherwise be induced to attend, is demoralizing and ought not to receive the sanction of any church.

It is very well to teach and preach to Chinamen, but it is undelicate and pernicious to set young girls at the work with the knowledge that they are so employed only because their personal attractions are believed to be the only incentive to the conversion of the male pagans. These are plain facts, and the Chinese Sunday-schools ought to be placed under the charge of male teachers of undisputed ability by all self-respecting Americans.

LAW-ABIDING LABOR.

New York has good reason to be proud of her laboring population. Orderly, law-abiding and patriotic, the working-men of the city are a credit to the community and its best safeguard against communistic teachings and disturbances. The May demonstrations of the labor organizations opened last Saturday evening with a parade, a mass-meeting and speech-making at Union Square. The proceedings were free from disorder, and while some of the addresses had in them a spice of Socialism they were commendably moderate.

Several trade banners and transparencies were carried in the procession, and a few red flags were displayed, but, says one account, "the stars and stripes were conspicuous above them all, at least two dozen being in the parade."

Here is an example for Europe.

SO ONE TO BLAME.

The anger of the Republicans over the legislative apportionment is not surprising. Yet they certainly have themselves to blame for any wrong their party may suffer or imagine that it suffers under the present law.

There is really very little ground for complaint on the Republican side. Their losses are due to the natural growth of cities, which are mainly Democratic. It is not the fault of the Democracy that New York has increased 700,000, Kings nearly 500,000, and Erie 150,000, since 1875, nor is it particularly to give the people of those cities their just representation. It was wrong to give Albany and Steuben each one member of Assembly more than they are entitled to, but the extra Assemblymen are taken from Democratic New York and Kings. The claim that St. Lawrence was unfairly dealt with is ridiculous. While that Republican county had a large surplus over its full ratio its increase in seventeen years had been only a little over 1,000, and it lost population from 1875 to 1890.

On the whole the Apportionment law is a tolerably fair one, perhaps for the reason that there was very little necessity for gerrymandering and partisan injustice.

ANOTHER RICHMOND IN THE FIELD.

Some anti-Harrison Republicans are quietly working to bring forward ex-Speaker TOM REED for the Presidential nomination. TOM PLATT is alleged to be at the bottom of the movement.

The natural supposition would be that the original man from Maine must be absolutely a "lost cause" before a "counterfeit presentment" could be seriously thought of as the Republican nominee. But it is remembered that the sincerity of the New York Republican leader's devotion to Secretary BLAINE has been seriously doubted, and there are those who do not hesitate to assert that the Reed boom is designed to be as damaging to a second attempt as to a second term.

The ex-Speaker is a bold and brainy man, whose chief recommendations to a favor of his party are extreme partisanship and cool audacity. If he could only be allowed to count the absentees from the polls as present and voting on his side he might have a brilliant prospect of success.

The Actors' Fund Fair opens at Madison Square Garden this evening, and the managers promise a scene, the attractiveness and brilliancy of which have never been surpassed in this city. Actors and actresses, bankers and brokers, merchants and mechanics, colleges and clubs, have all united to make the affair a success financially, and the excellent taste and untiring energy of the President, Mrs. A. M. PALMER, and her associates have succeeded in perfecting a most attractive programme. Attendance will doubtless be large throughout the Fair days, and the collections at the Garden, added to the liberal subscriptions already secured, will make a grand total in aid of a most deserving object.

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A New Jersey priest gave space to the morning services yesterday by compelling a member of his congregation to get

out of the church at the point of a revolver. He evidently had not faith in the efficacy of excommunication by bull, and believed that the tarrific document wasn't in it with the subtle and uncharged six-shooter.

Most dutifully and brutally is the outrage of which some friend was guilty Saturday night in slashing with some sharp instrument the necks and sides of a calf and three horses in the stable of Trueman H. L. of Williamsburg. The law provides no extremity of punishment too severe for the perpetrator of this cruel mischief should he be found out, and no pains should be spared in hunting him down.

Chicago scenes every time a red flag is unfurled in its streets. Between Anarchists and anti-Anarchists who do a big mortgage-finance business, the Windy City is kept in a constant state of trepidation.

A Prussian farmer sentenced to prison three years ago for arson and perjury has been proven innocent. Under the law of his country he gets nothing but his liberty for his sufferings.

The young man who long deceived Norwalk's best society with his claim to be one of McALLISTER'S "119" proved himself at least one man in a thousand for such a game.

Countess RUSSELL, the amateur skirt dancer, is going on the professional stage. There will be some high kicking in English society over this announcement.

Herr Most's only chance to identify himself with any May Day demonstration is to hire himself a van and move on.

Embezzlers are numerous in Germany just now. So are positions of trust with small salary attachments.

THE GLEANER.

Some peculiar things are done on waters in Tacoma, Wash., the other evening, so it is said, two men-about-town entered a billiard-room and played a game with imaginary balls. They chalked their cues gravely, moved about the table studying positions and making mase and draw shots, to the infinite amusement of the crowd. Not a smile appeared on their faces as they marked their scores, and at the conclusion of the game paid their bill and left. It was the result of a bet.

The audience in the Brooklyn Park Theatre some years ago was astonished to see a tall man wearing a high white hat, linen duster, and carrying a huge bouquet, walk gravely down the centre aisle and take possession of an end seat. It was a bitter cold night, and numbers were shivering with cold. An usher approached him, and the two held a whispered conversation. The man remained throughout one act and then left, and an hour later might have been seen in a party of diners at an adjacent hotel. His extraordinary costume cost another man diners for ten.

Hosts of fishermen are already en route or making preparations for a trip to the Adirondacks. The trout-fishing season opened in the forest preserve region yesterday.

It is said that a prominent police official advises those who seek for lost friends in this city to stand on the southeast corner of Broadway and Ann street and watch the passers-by. The converging of three streets there and the proximity of the Post-Office, he says, make it a strong probability that most people, especially strangers, will pass there at least once a week.

WORLDLINGS.

One of the largest orchards in the country last Tremont, Kan., where Judge Wellhouse has 1,078 acres of fruit trees growing.

Mrs. Lynn Linton's new novel has taken two weeks of hard work, a fact which should be impressed on the youthful feminine novelists who "dash off" a completed story in a month or so.

A paper published in Greenland is said to have the longest name ever given to a newspaper, but as the paper is in Greenland it can be read only rarely and is not likely to matter much.

One of the prettiest girls in Utah—rather a dubious compliment, perhaps—is R. W. Sloan, of Salt Lake City, who is a granddaughter of Brigham Young.

James Gray, a Richmond negro, is turning white. His hands have entirely changed color, and his face is covered with large white spots.

VAGRANT VERSES.

A May-Dream.</